International application No. PCT/AU2004/000480

				1 0 1/11 0 200 4	7000-100	
A.	CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER					
Int. Cl. ⁷ :	(C12Q 1/68, 1:46)					
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC						
В.	FIELDS SEARCHED					
Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) See Electronic Database						
Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched See Electronic Database						
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) WPIDS, CA, Medline: Streptococcus pneumoniae, cps, cpa, capsular polysaccharide antigen, cpsA, cpsB, wzg, wzh, wzx, wzy, serotype?, antigen?						
C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT						
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where	appropriate, of the rele	vant passages		Relevant to claim No.	
X	Jiang et al "Molecular characterisation o 18C capsular polysaccharide gene cluste Infection and Immunity (2001). Vol 69(3) (see the whole document) GENBANK ACCESSIONS AF316639, 19 March 2001	rs"): 1244-1255			1-31	
X Fu	arther documents are listed in the continua	tion of Box C	See pat	tent family anne	x	
"A" document not consider "E" earlier app	Special categories of cited documents: document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance earlier application or patent but published on or after the "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel					
"L" document	or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document alone ment which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) "Y" or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document alone document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered.			e considered to		
another ci	which is cited to establish the publication date of involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other other citation or other special reason (as specified) such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art occument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition			ne or more other illed in the art		
"P" document	of out of mounts					
Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report			/ 4110 0001			
28 July 2004 Name and mailing address of the ISA/AU Authorized					- 4 AUG 2004	
AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE						
E-mail address: 1	ODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRALIA pct@ipaustralia.gov.au	LEXIE PRESS				
Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		Telephone No : (02) 6283 2677				

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		2004/000480		
C (Continuati	on). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.		
A	Lawrence et al. "Evaluation of serotype prediction by cpsA-cpsB gene polymorphism in Streptococcus pneumoniae" Journal of Clinical Microbiology (2000) Vol 38(4): pages 1319-1323 (see the whole document)			
P,X	Kong and Gilbert. "Using cpsA-cpsB sequence polymorphism and serotype-/group-specific PCR to predict 51 Streptococcus pneumoniae capsular serotypes" Journal of Medical Microbiology (2003) Vol 52: pages 1047-1058 (see the whole document			
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Box No. II	Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)			
This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:				
1.	Claims Nos.:			
	because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:			
· •	·			
2.	Claims Nos.:			
لسسيا	because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such			
	an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:			
3.	Claims Nos.:			
	pecause they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a)			
	Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 3 of first sheet)			
This Interna	ional Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:			
See Ext				
SCC LAU	a Silect			
. —	As all required additional search food word timely maid by the analizant this internal and the last			
1 2	As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all earchable claims.			
2. X	As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.			
3.	As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report overs only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:			
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<u></u>				
4 r	lo required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is estricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:			
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Remark on 1	Protest The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.			
	No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.			

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Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of Boxes I to VIII is not sufficient)

Continuation of Box No: III

Rule 13.1 of the PCT requires that an International Application should relate to one invention only, or if there is more than one invention, that the inclusion of those inventions in one International Application is only permitted if all inventions are so linked as to form a single general inventive concept. Unity of invention exists only when there is a technical relationship among the claimed inventions involving one or more of the same or corresponding "special technical features". The expression "special technical features" is defined in Rule 13.2 as meaning those technical features that define a contribution that each of the inventions, considered as a whole, makes over the prior art. Accordingly the following three inventions have been found.

Invention 1

Claims 4-11, 16, 17, 23, 24 and 27 completely and claims 1-3, 15, 18-21, 26 and 28-31 in part, recite methods for serotyping *Streptococcus pneumoniae* based on analysis of the nucleotide sequence between the 3' end of the *cps A* gene and the 5' end of the *cpsB* gene, and polynucleotide sequences spanning the region between the 3' end of the *cps A* gene and the 5' end of the *cpsB* gene.

Invention 2

Claims 1-3, 12-15, 18-22, 25, 26, 28-31 in part, relate to methods of serotyping *Streptococcus pneumoniae* based on analysis of the wzy gene or portion thereof, and nucleotide sequences comprising at least the wzy gene from different *S. pneumoniae* strains.

Invention 3

Claims 1-3, 12-15, 18-22, 25, 26, 28-31 in part, relate to methods of serotyping Streptococcus pneumoniae based on analysis of the wzx gene or portion thereof, and nucleotide sequences comprising at least the wzx gene from different S. pneumoniae strains.

Although the claims share the feature that they relate to *S. pneumoniae* capsular (*cps*) genes, these genes and their use in molecular serotyping of *S. pneumoniae* are known. Jiang et al teaches serotype variation in the *wzg, wzh, wzx* and *wzy* genes. Therefore methods of serotyping *Streptococcus pneumoniae* or cps sequences can not be regarded as a unifying technical feature.